

THE MESSAGE

President Cleveland Recommends That the Financial Troubles Receive the First Attention.

The Tariff Reform is an Important Subject, But the Sherman Law Must be Repealed First.

A DEMOCRATIC DOCUMENT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The following is the full text of the President's message to the Congress of the United States:

The existence of an alarming and extraordinary business situation, involving the welfare and prosperity of all the people, has constrained me to call together in extra session the Senate and Representatives in Congress, to the end that with their wise and patriotic exercise of the legislative duty which they solely are charged, proper steps may be suggested and dangers threatening the future may be averted.

Our unfortunate financial plight is in the main the result of unfavorable conditions related to our natural resources. Nor is it traceable to any of the afflictions which frequently check national growth and prosperity.

With plentiful crops, with abundant promise of remunerative production and manufacture, with unusual invitation to save investment and with satisfactory assurance to business enterprise, the financial distress and fear have sprung up on every side.

Numerous moneyed institutions have suspended because abundant assets were not immediately available to meet the demands of the frightened depositors; surviving corporations and individuals are content to keep in hand the money they are usually anxious to loan; and the business of legitimate business are surprised to find that the securities they offer for loans, though heretofore satisfactory, are no longer accepted. Values supposed to be fixed are fast becoming conjectural, and loss and failure have invaded every branch of business. I believe these things are principally chargeable to congressional legislation touching the purchase and sale of silver by the general government.

The legislation is embodied in a statute passed on the 14th day of July, 1890, which was the culmination of much agitation on the subject involved, and which may be considered a truce, after the long struggle, between the advocates of free silver coinage and those intending to be more conservative.

Unfortunately the money purchased by the government of \$200,000 ounces of silver, endorsed under that statute, were regarded by those interested in silver production as a certain guarantee of its increase in price. The result, however, has been entirely different, for immediately following a speculative and slight rise the price of silver began to fall after the passage of the act, and has since reached the lowest point ever known. The disappointing result has led to renewed and persistent effort in the direction of silver coinage.

Meanwhile, not only are the evils of the operation of the present law constantly accumulating, but the result to which its execution must inevitably lead is becoming palpable to all who give the least heed to financial matters.

This law provides that, in payment for the 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion which the Secretary of the Treasury is commanded to purchase monthly, there shall be issued treasury notes redeemable on demand in gold or silver coin, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, and that said notes may be issued in gold, or in silver, or in both, as he, however, declared in the act to be "the established policy of the United States to maintain the two metals on a parity with each other on the present gold ratio or such ratio as may be provided by law."

This declaration so controls the action of the Secretary of the Treasury as to prevent his exercising the discretion usually vested in him, if by such action the parity between gold and silver may be disturbed. Manifestly a refusal by the Secretary to pay these treasury notes in gold, if demanded, would necessarily result in their discredit and depreciation as obligations payable only in silver, and would destroy the parity between the two metals by establishing a discrimination in favor of gold.

Up to July 15, 1893, these notes had been issued in payment of silver bullion purchases to the amount of more than \$147,000,000. While all but a very small amount of this bullion remained unissued and unused in the Treasury, and the amount of the notes already issued had been paid in gold. This is illustrated by the statement that between the first day of July, 1892, and the fifteenth day of July, 1893, the amount of silver bullion issued in payment for silver bullion amounted to a little more than \$34,000,000 and that during the same period about \$40,000,000 were paid by the Treasury in gold for the redemption of such notes.

The policy necessarily adopted for paying these notes in gold has not spared the Treasury of \$100,000,000 long ago set aside by the government for the redemption of other notes, for the fund has already

been subjected to the payment of new obligations amounting to about \$15,000,000 on account of silver purchases, and has, as a consequence, for the first time since its creation, been exhausted upon its own resources.

We have thus made the depletion of our gold stock, and have tempted other and more appreciative nations to add to their stock. That the opportunity we have offered has not been neglected is shown by the large amount of gold which has been recently drawn from our Treasury and exported to increase the financial strength of foreign nations. The excess of exports of gold over its imports for the year ending June 30, 1893, amounted to more than \$87,500,000. Between the first of July, 1890, and the fifteenth day of July, 1893, the gold coin and bullion in our Treasury decreased more than \$122,000,000, while during the same period the silver coin and bullion in the Treasury increased more than \$147,000,000. Unless government bonds are to be constantly issued and sold to replenish our exhausted gold, only to be again exhausted, it is apparent that the operation of the silver purchase law now in force, and the direction of the entire administration of silver for the gold in the government treasury, and that this must be followed by the payment of all government obligations in depreciated silver.

At this stage gold and silver must part company and the government must fail in its established policy to maintain the two metals on a parity with each other. Given over to the exclusive use of silver greatly depreciated according to the standard of the commercial world, we could no longer claim a place among the nations of the first class, and the government claim a performance of obligations, so far as such an obligation has been imposed upon it, to provide for the use of the people the best and safest money.

If, as many of our friends claim, silver ought to occupy a larger place in our currency and the currency of the world through general international cooperation and agreement, it is obvious that the United States will not be in a position to gain a leading in favor of such an arrangement so long as we are willing to continue our attempt to accomplish the result single-handed.

The knowledge in business circles among our own people that our government cannot make its fiat equivalent to intrinsic value, nor keep inferior money on a parity with superior money by its own independent efforts, has resulted in such a lack of confidence at home, in the stability of currency values, that capital refuses its aid to new enterprises, while millions are actually withdrawn from the channels of trade and commerce to idle and unproductive in the hands of timid owners.

Foreign investors, equally alert, not only decline to purchase American securities, but make haste to sacrifice those which they already have. It does not meet the situation to say that the apprehension in regard to the future of our finances is groundless, and that there is no reason for lack of confidence in the purpose or power of the government in the premises.

The very existence of this apprehension and lack of confidence, however caused, is a menace which ought not to be maintained as the policy is disregarded. Possibly, if the undertaking we have in hand were the maintenance of a specific known quantity of silver at a parity with gold, our duty to do so might be estimated and weighed, and perhaps the result would be a different one. The unparalyzed growth and resources, might be favorably passed upon. But when our avowed endeavor is to maintain such parity in regard to an amount of silver increasing at the rate of \$50,000,000 yearly with no fixed termination to such increase, it can hardly be said that a problem is presented whose solution is free from doubt.

The people of the United States are entitled to a sound and stable currency and to money recognized as such on every exchange and in every transaction. Their government has no right to injure them by financial experiments opposed to the policy and practice of other civilized states, nor is it justified in permitting an exaggerated and unreasonable reliance on our national strength and ability to jeopardize the soundness of the public money.

The matter lies above the plane of party politics. It concerns every business and calling and enters every household in the land. There is one important aspect of the subject which especially should never be overlooked.

At times like the present, when the evils of unsound finance threaten us, the speculator may anticipate a harvest gathered from the misfortune of others. The capitalist may protect himself by hoarding or may even find profit in the fluctuations of values; but the wage-earner—the first to be injured by a depreciated currency—has no such means of escape. He is left to the mercy of his creditors, for the depreciation of his currency has caused commercial distress and ruin.

The very man of all others who has the deepest interest in a sound currency and who suffers most by mischievous legislation in money matters is the man who earns his daily bread by his daily labor. These words are pertinent now as on the day they were uttered, and ought to

impressively remind us that a failure in the discharge of our duty at this time would especially injure those of our countrymen who labor and who because of their number and condition are entitled to the most watchful care of their government.

It is of the utmost importance that such relief as Congress can afford in the existing situation be afforded at once. The taxing, he gives twice who gives quickly, is directly applicable. It may be true that the embarrassment from which the business of the country is suffering arises as much from evils apprehended as from those actually existing. We hope, too, that calm counsels will prevail, and that neither the capitalists nor the wage earners will give way to unreasonable panic and sacrifice their property or their interests under the influence of exaggerated fears.

Nevertheless, every day's delay in removing one of the plain and principal causes of the present state of things enlarges the mischief already done and increases the responsibility of the government for its existence.

Whereas the people have a right to expect from Congress, they may rightly demand that the legislation contemplated by the order of three years' disbursement of silver should be rescinded from the statute books so soon as their representatives can legitimately deal with it. It was my purpose to summon Congress in special session early in the coming September, that we might speedily promulgate upon the work of tariff reform, which the true interests of the country clearly demand, which so large a majority of the people, as shown by their legislative desire and expect, and to the accomplishment of which every effort of the present administration is pledged.

But with tariff reform has lost nothing of its immediate and permanent importance, and must in the near future engage the attention of Congress, it has become necessary that the financial condition of the country should be settled and before all other subjects be considered by your honorable body.

I earnestly recommend the prompt repeal of the provisions of the act passed July 14, 1890, authorizing the purchase of silver bullion, and that other legislative action may put beyond all doubt or mistake the intention and ability of the government to fulfill its pecuniary obligations in money universally recognized by all civilized countries.

Executive Message, August 7, 1893.

To gain strength—Hood's Sarsaparilla. For deeply nervous Hood's Sarsaparilla. For pure blood—Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Crowd His Career.

It will be no surprise to find an act for the Democracy of this Senatorial District to put Gen. Gross in the Senate, that it seems a matter of course that it will be done, and that in no haggling or hesitating manner. His loyalty and fidelity to genuine, straight-forward Democracy through all the varying fortunes of the party attest his political integrity; and his honest enthusiasm that has characterized him as he has unreservedly given effect to the extent of his means and ability in all enterprises of political struggle—coming to the aid of friends in such abandon of energy as illustrates unselfishness, it seems that the most graceful thing the party and the people can do is to put him where he can render the most service consistently. He has rendered thus far, by a Senatorship proportioned there with self-seeking has certainly not been alleged against him heretofore. What offense he has given has been in need for friends. One capable of friendship as he has exemplified it, may be expected to render amply where he is now abundantly.

AS ORATOR.

In Your Tongue.

Cooled, your tongue, dry, your eyes, and inflamed, and do you feel mean generally when you get up in the morning? Your liver and kidneys are not doing their duty. Why don't you take Parker's Sore Cure? It does not make you feel better, it costs you nothing. It cures Bright's Disease, Diabetes and all Kidney complaints. Only guaranteed cure. For sale by A. K. Fisher, Cloverport, Ky.

Queer Facts About Money.

There are 119,000,000 old copper pennies some where. Nobody knows what has become of them, but they are out there in a while a single specimen turns up in change. A few years ago 4,000,000 houses two cent pieces were set about. Three millions of these are still outstanding. Three million three-cent nickel pieces are scattered over the United States, but it is very rarely that one is seen. Of 800,000 half-cent silver coins corresponding in value to English farthings, not one has been returned to the Government for recoinage, or is held by the Treasury. Congress appropriated \$100,000,000 a year for redeeming the ancient silver coins now in possession of the Treasury. These are mostly half dollars, and are not circulated because there is no demand for them. Not long ago the stock of them amounted to \$200,000,000, but it is only about half that now. The money set aside for redeeming intended to pay the cost of the melting, but is required to reimburse the Treasurer of the United States on account of the loss in weight which the silver pieces suffer by melting. This loss amounts to \$30 on every \$100, and it has to be made good in order to set the Treasurer's account straight.—Boston Transcript.

Balabag for shirts.

Who Fired the Barn?

A barn had been burned in the suburbs and a tramp had been arrested for setting fire to it. After most of the testimony was in the prisoner was permitted to make a statement.

"Your honor," he said, "if anybody set this barn afire it was the prosecuting attorney."

The prosecuting attorney was on his feet in an instant and the tramp held up his hands appealingly. "Let me go on," he said, and the court let him go on.

"Didn't you," he said, addressing the prosecutor, "throw a man out of your store window yesterday evening?"

The prosecuting attorney said he had caught a tramp in his house about 8 o'clock the evening before and had fired him through a window.

"Thanks," said the prisoner. "That was me. I was out onto a shed roof that almost broke my neck and went on down where I lit on the hired girl and scared her so that she made a break for the back yard where she started a stray dog so that he made off with a howl for the street, running between a policeman's legs and upsetting him."

The policeman made a swipe at him with his club and hit a horse standing by the curbside and he ran away, and up the street he scattered a crowd of women and he scared a horse hitched to a milk wagon, and he broke for home and there scared a cow, and she ran over a cat in the stable yard watching a rat hole, and the cat went into the barn where the chicken was hanging, and the lantern was turned over to a pile of hay and set it afire, and the man who ought to have been there was down town trying to catch the horse who scared the crowd that scared the horse that ran away and set the barn on fire. And that's how it happened!" concluded the tramp, with a long heave of relief.

The court was amazed. "And where were you all this time?" was the next inquiry.

"Me?" he asked innocently. "Oh! I was in the gentleman's kitchen eating the hired girl's supper while she was out trying to find the policeman the dog upset, so he could come and see what had happened on the hired girl."

The case isn't settled yet.

GLENDANE.

Mr. Jeff Owen went to Louisville today.

Mr. C. V. Robertson went to Owensboro Monday.

Mr. John Dean was up to the city several days last week.

Mr. Jim Dean is "Carrie-ill" away since his trip to the Knob.

Mrs. Lucinda Robertson was still very ill when last heard from.

Mr. J. D. Ballinger was the guest of R. G. Robertson last Friday.

Mr. E. L. Robertson went to Michaels Saturday to attend the picnic.

Mrs. Alvan Dean and family have returned to her home in Owensboro.

Mr. Janus Owen, of Louisville, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jessie L. Owen.

Miss Carrie Moorman, who has been visiting "The Plains," will return home the last of the week.

Rev. W. B. Rutledge assisted by Rev. Williams will begin a series of meetings at Goshen church Sunday.

Miss Mary Moorman, who has been visiting Miss Lattie Moorman for several weeks will return home Monday.

Mr. Roy Hoyer, who has been visiting relatives and friends in this vicinity, has returned to his home in Cloverport.

Have you heard?

That John Dean will have next week for the lakes.

That Miss Bettie Webb is very fond of "Brown."

That Miss Mary Moorman is "Will" (ling) to be in "Ernest" in all her undertakings.

That Mr. Charlie Dean is quite a poet, of which the following pathetic lines are a sample which he kindly lends to the Nawa, written on the departure of a friend:

"I scarce could be which way she went." That Miss Edna Robertson is considering the all important question of going into the "Hotel" business soon.

That Miss Lattie Moorman is fond of reading "Home" in the Nawa.

That quite a gay crowd spent the day at the "Band Knob" Thursday, the party consisting of the following ladies and gentlemen: Misses Carrie Owen, Lattie Moorman, Carrie Moorman, Mary Moorman and Edna Robertson, Messrs. Roy Hoyer, Vera Moorman, Charlie Dean and Jim Dean.

A wonderful cure.

In such a state of civilization as ours, where merit is sure to be acknowledged, it is a wonder the factory of Dr. Fenger is required to be so full of orders to supply the medicines that are called, after such acknowledgments as the following come to be known: Wm. Fenger's Stomach, Indigestion, Dr. Fenger's Kidney and Backache Cure is a small, but very powerful, and bladder disease when the best physicians had given up. He is now and then a cure for the same. It is a most wonderful event. His medicines are all good and give great satisfaction. Especially certain in female diseases, rheumatism, blood diseases, headaches, dropsy, heart disease, etc. Guaranteed to satisfy or money refunded. Take home a bottle today.

ACROSS THE ATLANTIC IN A SKIFF.

Chris Paulsen, of Rahway, Will Try to Make the Trip Next Month.

Chris Paulsen came from the land of the vikings, and after a tempestuous career upon the seas settled in Rahway, N. J. In the quiet of his barnyard he is now completing a 16-foot skiff, in which, all going well, he will cross the Atlantic to visit his parents in Norway.

Paulsen is 36 years old, and inured to the hardships of sailor life. When he was 15 years old he ran away from home and stowed himself away on an English steamer bound for America. Here he learned the trade of ship's carpenter. After mastering his trade he shipped as first mate on a West Indies frigate, and for fourteen years he followed the sea. Then he grew weary of the water, and settled down to lead a more peaceful life.

When the viking arrived here Paulsen saw her, talked with her crew, and was seized with the idea of crossing the ocean in a still smaller boat. He at once began to prepare his plans and so well did he carry them out that before this week he had the boat built to his hand.

The skiff is 16 feet long, 3 feet 6 inches wide, 5 feet deep, 3 feet 6 inches keel, 10 feet.

She will be rigged with a low freeboard and with a watertight compartment in each end. Rubber tubes will add to her buoyancy. She will be slung right, the mainmast being 12 feet high, and the mast 10 feet high.

Paulsen expects to start on August 20. He does not intend to take provisions on the trip, but to rely on the fish he will follow the course of the transatlantic liners and expects to obtain fresh provisions from time to time. Two tanks holding 100 gallons of water will be stowed away, one in each end. His only food will be the lunch Paulsen expects to make the short haul in thirty-six days.

Buckner's Arnica Balm.

The Best Balm in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Itches, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Short & Haynes, druggists.

Glanders.

Glanders is a disease which we get from the lower animals. Like all others arising from this source, it is always fatal. It is almost always a disease of grocers, drivers, veterinary surgeons, and others of the equine profession. Fortunately it is not contagious between men and man. Most often the poison enters through a cut or scratch on the hand, but the disease may be acquired through drinking from the same place as glandered horses. Or if a horse snorts and casts some of the virus on the face, the mucous membrane of one's eyes, or nose, or mouth, there is danger of infection. Lungs and throat get it in menageries from eating the flesh of diseased animals.

There is absolutely no cure for it, once it establishes itself in the system of either horse or man. The only protection we have, therefore, is to stamp it out. It is caused to cause long loss among horses. In England, where it is so common, it is often accompanied with typhoid fever. It is a disease that prevails wherever there are horses, and it is as extensively present in cold climates as in hot. France has suffered more than any other country, but it has been stamped out there, as well as in England by active measures. As glanders has been known since the fourth century, it is as old as civilization. It is a disease which shall always have with us. Nevertheless, it is amenable, and, although abominable in its effects, never very widespread.

Ex.

Removal.

We take pleasure in announcing that after this date Parker's Sore Cure will remove all traces of Rheumatism, Kidney trouble or Liver complaint from the user. It is today the only medicine that is guaranteed to cure these diseases or any other. Parker's Sore Cure is sold by A. K. Fisher, Cloverport, Ky.

A Diplomatic Answer.

"Can't you settle this bill to-day, senator?" asked the tailor of the delinquent legislator.

"No, Sir; it wouldn't be parliamentary. You may glance over it, if you know, and I can't pass a bill until after its third reading,"—Judge.

CHASE & SANBORN'S

TEA INFORMATION.

SULZER'S.

Don't miss the above bargains offered.

Geo. Yeakel & Co.,

BRANDENBURG, KY.

IN SEPTEMBER WE GO

back to our old corner, Third and Market, into our new house, the handsomest retail establishment in Louisville. It is our purpose to open there with an ENTIRELY NEW stock of Clothing, Furnishings, Shoes and Hats. To that end we are sacrificing pree stock. It will pay you to buy from us now. Come to see if possible, if not send a cash Mail Order. Money will be promptly refunded if goods fail to please. Watch the Louisville papers for our Daily Specials.

LEVY'S

Louisville's Greatest Clothing House.

TEMPORARY QUARTER'S.

321 West Market.

The Right Sort Of Foot Wear

Is Found at

W. H. Bowmer & Son's.

No scattering remnants of job lots, but instead bright goods, finished with skill and a fit that embodies comfort in every step.

Prices to suit the weather and times. They are always down to Rock Bottom with us. Bargains are something we carry in stock the year round, and there's lots of comfort in them these panicky hot times.

We Don't Cut

W. H. BOWMER & SON,

CLOVERPORT, KY.

It's Dollars to Cents

That you part with your dollars and cents with some reluctance. After getting money, the difficulty is to keep it. Isn't it true that you are constantly tempted to part with it and that you are constantly yielding to the temptation?

If you ask us whether we are putting temptation in your way, there's nothing left for us to do but to own up. That's just what we are doing. You know that it may easily be as foolish to keep money as it sometimes is to part with it.

Never resist temptation when it comes in the tempting form of ours:

Men's suits for \$12.00..... sold for \$10.00
Men's suits for \$10.00..... sold for \$8.00
Men's suits for \$8.00..... sold for \$6.00
Men's suits for \$6.00..... sold for \$4.00
Men's suits for \$4.00..... sold for \$2.00

Special bargains in one lot of Men's Black Ties for \$7.00..... sold for \$5.00
Boys' Knee Pants for 25 cts.
Ladies' 12 1/2 lbs. boots for 75 cts.
Men's 12 1/2 lbs. boots for 75 cts.

Don't miss the above bargains offered.

Geo. Yeakel & Co.,

BRANDENBURG, KY.

SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE. IT CAN BE READ IN THIS PAPER ONLY.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Baking
Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A WOMAN'S JOURNEY IN TIBET.

She Penetrated Further Into the Mysteries China Than Ever
White Man Did.

Brief reports have been received recently of the experience of a young English woman, a missionary, in the wide and inhospitable Tibet. Now there is at hand a story of her adventures from the North China Daily News.

On May 1, Miss Annie Taylor, the explorer, passed through Lhasa on her way home. Lhasa, having completed a year of wandering. Miss Taylor is a well-known woman of Lhasa, with brilliant brown eyes, the complexion of a traveler, and the air of one who has suffered much. Her bearing, her bright eyes and animated expression show her to be a woman of resource and imagination, and seeing her lively manner, notwithstanding her present weak state of health, one begins to understand the influence she was able to exercise over the savage people among whom she has been traveling alone with her life in her hand. She is full of enthusiasm for the civilization and conversion of the Tibetans, which she hopes to accomplish in the future. Miss Taylor is the daughter of a gentleman of means engaged in business in London.

On her trip from Lhasa, while in difficulties overcome it excites the travel of even Capt. Bower and Mr. Iskhil. With the help of one Christian Tibetan whom she took with her from Darjeeling, she penetrated to within twenty miles of Lhasa, and returned alive to tell the tale. But for the treachery of a Mohammedan Chinese whom she engaged in Lhasa, she would have arrived in Lhasa itself. Miss Taylor says that she first intended to enter Tibet from the Indian side in 1897. Sikkim was not English then, and she was given that no one should receive her. So, though she had plenty of money, she could have nothing and was often very hungry. Then she got a letter from an acquaintance, and taking up his line she returned, until she did not know which was worse, fever or hunger. Twice attempts were made to poison her, and for ten months she never saw another European.

Then she decided to try to get in from China, and after spending about a year on the frontier living very quietly, not writing out, just waiting and receiving. Tibetans in her house, she received various offers of conveyance to Lhasa. Before crossing the frontier, about which she had no trouble, she unhappily engaged a Chinese man whose Tibetan name was Noga. She had two tents, her servants, and tried to get on really good money by promising to give them to the Chinese. The Chinese of her first serious adventures was being attacked by a band of brigands with white faces, leading each a spare horse. Two were killed, besides much property lost. But Lama called out to the robbers: "They are women! All women!" so she was not pursued. Among Mongols and Tibetans it is considered a dreadful thing to strike a woman, so that all went along unharmed, although every man carried weapons. As Miss Taylor says, to take the Tibetan religion it is forbidden to take life, whether it be a sheep or a man.

On September 28, the party crossed the Yellow river on yak skins blown out, with bundles laid upon them and drawn by horses. These riffs were blown out the time and the water was ice cold. They then found themselves in the Gokak district, which is peopled entirely by tibetans. Their chin is a woman, and laws are strictly observed in her domain, and no bribes are taken. The Gokaks relate how five Russians came to travel through the country, and they themselves went out to attack them. Two were killed, but the others were taken alive, and they were taken to a tin box. They all wanted that tin box and all continued to reproach one another that they did not take it, but their belief was that on opening it an army of soldiers would come out, and they thought the same with regard to Miss Taylor's two cases of Chinese arrows, besides many other fabulous tales about her.

In every way people sought to prevent her from entering the Lhasa district, telling her of fighting going on, but she found that an arrangement had been made that travelers should not be interrupted. It was not, however, that Noga, after repeated acts of barbarism, began to use violence to her, and at last tried to draw his sword. It was the Tibetans who protect her against her own Chinese servant, and, saying that he was not chief there able to protect her, sent her on under an escort.

Miss Taylor's undertaking would require a column of adequate description. There had no day they lost their road. The three days. That and every comfort had to be sold, her servant having taken everything in could from her before he left. When on December 24 they found the road again, they hid away in the hills for the whole of Christmas day. During all the rest of the journey her sufferings from the ravages of the air were very great; palpitations, gasps and inability to digest their barley food. Noga spread a report that Miss Taylor was traveling with a box of gold and jewels and said her maid. She had to travel by night, finding the cold almost unbearable, and for three days as soon as poured out, and the three nights they were only too

thanked to find refuge in a cave with barely room enough for them to lie down, half suffocated by smoke as to obtain a little warmth.

On the day they crossed the Driehin into the Lhasa district, but had to stop near Nijawa, within three days' journey from Lhasa, owing to Noga having gone before, revealing that it was a foreigner coming. A military chief arrived, and there was a sort of trial.

In the end Miss Taylor convinced the officials of the truth of her story, saving the lives of her two Tibetan servants, who were accused of treacherously leading her into Tibet. The chiefs told her that as far as they were concerned she could go on to Lhasa, but they would lose their lives if she did, and they gave her an official and Chinese soldier to protect her against the Chinese servant, besides supplying her with provisions and money. They were kept alive, well and actually supplied with money to go home with.

On the return journey the horses, which in winter have to be fed with good food, tea, butter and cheese, suffered so from hunger that they were always trembling down, until Miss Taylor joined a yak caravan, and 200 yaks made a way for them through twenty feet of snow. In January 21 Miss Taylor left the Lhasa district of Tibet, and on April 15 she reached Tachienan after hardships such as it seems hardly credible a woman should have surmounted.

We could not improve the quality if paid double the price. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the best Salve that you experience can produce, or that money can buy. A. R. Fisher, Cloverport, and Witt & Meador, Hardinsburg.

THE ART OF DARNING.

His Laps is One of the Bad Tendencies of the Modern House-keeper.

Darning seems almost in danger of becoming a lost art. With the cheap price of clothing today many people find it difficult to find the time to mend the old. While such a regrettable condition is certainly to be deplored, it is true that in olden days a great deal of time which modern house-keepers can ill afford to spend on mending, was spent in mending. For in spite of all the improvements in modern life, labor-saving machines have not kept pace with the multiplied duties of the modern house-keeper.

While it is true that the modern house-keeper is a much happier and wiser woman than her grandmother, she is not so good at mending as her grandmother. It is a matter of regret that children are not taught mending and the art of needlework as carefully as they were in olden times. It is a rare thing to find a young girl able to make a neat darn in cloth. She should use the raveling of the goods wherever it is possible to do so, or a sewing silk exactly matching the cloth. Where the cloth is very thick and heavy it will not be necessary to put a second piece of cloth under it, but the edges of the cloth can be worn together, and when properly sewn the spot will be practically invisible. Where the cloth is thinner, a piece of cloth exactly matching it or a piece of the cloth itself should be placed under it to strengthen the stitches.

In the mending of silk gloves a piece of silk exactly matching the gloves should be placed under the seam where they split, and the glove drawn together over this silk, that it may serve as a stay to the seam. This will make a neat and strong seam, for the silk remains invisible. The darning of this material or linen is one of the most delicate matters. For the fine muslin, a thread about the same size as the thread of the goods should be chosen, and the darn should be worn together so as to match the weave of the goods. This must be done very firmly and thoroughly as no day can be put under it. The darning of stockings is an art in which every girl should be taught from her childhood, as there is no mechanical means by which it may be performed, and it is the most important part of the mending of every garment of every day. Great importance in this particular is often overlooked. The darning wool or darning cotton should be chosen in the same quality as the stocking. It is not an uncommon thing to see a coarse heavy quality of cotton used, because this fills up the darn more rapidly. This is a mistake. It makes the work clumsy and ugly and shows a slovenly manner. —N. Y. Tribune.

The biology of married life is a warning. If a man had to do the job he would get a washing machine—how every little to get a package of soap and one little bar of soap. He would dissolve the package of Soap in a tub of water and let the clothes stand overnight—then he would wash the work in clean water. (Get out of the tub now before they all go—Silent's.)

Children Cry for Fitch's Castoria.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she became ill, we gave her Castoria. When she became sick, we gave her Castoria. When she became ill, we gave her Castoria. When she became sick, we gave her Castoria. When she became ill, we gave her Castoria.

Great Prosperity Ahead.

No one need be afraid of the future of this country. It is about to enter an era of prosperity such as it has not known in its history. Of this there is no doubt. The valley states for twenty-five years. Now all that is over. The south will have no one to molest it, and it will develop its resources in a way that will bring into the valley from Europe a perpetually increasing migration.

St. Louis, Chicago and perhaps Kansas City, will develop into the most important cities of the country and the valley states will exercise political power enough to repeal the discriminating legislation which has hampered them up as prisoners away from their markets.

This country will continue to grow without serious check for at least another century, and the greatest part of this growth will be right here in this Mississippi valley.

There can be no doubt of it, whatever, and those who are capable of seeing it in advance will be best able to profit by it. There has seldom been a better time than now for profitable investment. And those who have money to invest can "bank" with absolute certainty on the future of this western and southern country.

Don't be afraid of the future of the United States. The American people are going to run this country, and no amount of official stupidity can prevent its prosperity while they remain free—St. Louis Chronicle.

World's Fair Philanthropists.

Miss Helen, of Chicago, having the interest of the city at heart, and desiring to improve the quality of the statement that only in boarding houses can be found modern and comfortable accommodations during the World's Fair, remodeled and furnished at great expense one of their numerous absolute first-class business structures, located corner of Franklin and Jackson streets, within short walking distance of the Union Depot, Theatre, Post Office, Board of Trade, Steam, Elevated, Cable and St. Louis to the World's Fair. Remodeled newly furnished, 500 rooms, superb parlors, elevators, electric lights, exhaust fans, to keep cool entire building, named this property The Garay-Warner House, and invite the public to take their choice of rooms for \$1.00 per day, children 5 to 12 fifty cents. Elegant restaurant and dining rooms where fine meals are served at 50 cents, or a carte a la very moderate prices.

There would be less heard or known of extortion and imposition connected with the World's Fair were there more public spirited, well minded people in Chicago as are the owners and proprietors of The GREAT WESTERN HOTEL. Our readers should write as early as possible to secure room, for they are being taken up rapidly.—St. Paul Daily News.

Lang's chocolate icing for cakes—Silent's.

LOUISVILLE MARKET REPORTS.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 15th 1900.

Shippers should mark packages clearly, with shipper's name and post-office address. Choice, country 16 Medium 12 Common 10 Creamery 25 to 25 Fresh 10 to 10 Old lean per do. 3.10 to 3.40 Fat per do. 25 to 25 Dressed per do. 25 to 25 Fat, white good 42 Prime, good 35 Choice, good 30 No. 1, good 25 No. 2, good 20 No. 3, good 15 No. 4, good 10 No. 5, good 5 No. 6, good 5 No. 7, good 5 No. 8, good 5 No. 9, good 5 No. 10, good 5 No. 11, good 5 No. 12, good 5 No. 13, good 5 No. 14, good 5 No. 15, good 5 No. 16, good 5 No. 17, good 5 No. 18, good 5 No. 19, good 5 No. 20, good 5 No. 21, good 5 No. 22, good 5 No. 23, good 5 No. 24, good 5 No. 25, good 5 No. 26, good 5 No. 27, good 5 No. 28, good 5 No. 29, good 5 No. 30, good 5 No. 31, good 5 No. 32, good 5 No. 33, good 5 No. 34, good 5 No. 35, good 5 No. 36, good 5 No. 37, good 5 No. 38, good 5 No. 39, good 5 No. 40, good 5 No. 41, good 5 No. 42, good 5 No. 43, good 5 No. 44, good 5 No. 45, good 5 No. 46, good 5 No. 47, good 5 No. 48, good 5 No. 49, good 5 No. 50, good 5 No. 51, good 5 No. 52, good 5 No. 53, good 5 No. 54, good 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G. GETZENDANNER,
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Gutters and Spouts made to order.
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CLOVERPORT, KY.
Estimates furnished on application.
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Hennsville, Ky. Cloverport, Ky.

BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1893.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES.

Real coffee at Sulzer's.
Turkey tables at Babbage's.
New line of tablets at Babbage's.
Ice cream constantly kept at the City Bakery.
Stamps, pens, envelopes and crayons at Babbage's.
Miss Poplum is quite sick with typhoid fever.
W. L. Wheatly, of Rock Lick, was in town Monday.
Wm. Eubry and wife visited in Canaan last week.
Try a bottle of that polish for tan shoes at Sulzer's.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Amant went to Chicago last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Julius Nolte went to Canaan Sunday.
Invitation cards and envelopes to match at Babbage's.
Crude Carbolic acid removes the smell from pig pens—Sulzer's.
Quarterly meeting is in progress at the Tolsonport M. E. church.
Mr. Abner Adkinson, near Webster, is very leg with Typhoid fever.
Did you see those black and russet flexible shoe laces at Sulzer's.
I've O'Brien went to Canaan Sunday to witness the ball game.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Mosey, of Harbingsburg, is the guest of the Misses.
Mr. and Mrs. James Condy, of Skillman, were in the city Monday shopping.
The return of gold from Europe is as cheering as the offer of bargains by Sulzer's.
Miss Ida Weisenberger is attending the Teachers Institute at Canaan this week.
Mrs. W. W. of your money is like what you want, and that is what you get at Sulzer's.
Miss Anna Gardner, of Harbingsburg, was in the city Monday, enroute to Madisonville.
Fine suits made to order. This is our specialty. Hundreds of samples.—Kaye & Hobbs.
Geo. Getzendanner went to Stephensport Monday to some tin work for L. R. Adkinson.
Yon MALL—Five or six more on cash or cash notes. Wm. R. Moorman, Planters Hall.
The best remedy for a sick head ache is to buy your groceries at Sulzer's and eat dyspepsia.
Inevitable but crude Carbolic acid will knock out all kinds of disease germs—Try it—Sulzer's.
Mr. Miller and wife, of Harbingsburg, came up one day last week to have some dental work done.
Fifty thousand pounds of wool wanted in exchange for women goods, at the Owensboro Woolen Mills.
Ladies fine shoes, \$1.50—sold everywhere for \$2.50. An examination will convince you.—Kaye & Hobbs.
The Blue cottons News will be sent to any one three months for 25c. This will extend over the November election.
Very recently and novelty that the cat scratching board can be made may be found on our five cent counter.—Kaye & Hobbs.
G. C. Cundiff, of this city, has brought home the Harbin county court for divorce from his wife. R. N. Miller is his attorney.
The Harbingsburg colored club beat the Cloverport colored club on the Cloverport grounds last Sunday evening by a score of 22 to 19.
J. H. Dill's name appears in the list of successful candidates for the postal civil service, who were examined at Louisville recently.
We are in no combine against the conveniences of the people, but instead we keep open day and night. Call at any time.—Kaye & Hobbs.
Mr. and Mrs. Robert French and son Emory Elvin, of Roberts Bottom, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Brown on Saturday and Sunday.
J. H. Hill, returned from Spottsville last Sunday. He had been there for some time superintending the loading of gravel trains for Chas. Bolter.
The picnic at Lattimer's Grove last Saturday was not up to the usual standard. With the exception of two "barns" every thing went off nicely.
Phillips Lewis, a nine-year old son of John Lewis, got a shoe button fastened in his throat Monday night and the assistance of Dr. R. S. Watkins had to be called to release it.
Cholera, yellow fever and all other kinds of fever and colds are prevented by keeping your premises disinfected with crude Carbolic acid. Recommended by all physicians.—Sulzer's.
Mrs. Mary Tintin, of Cloverport, and Mrs. Clara Kleiber, of Louisville, were married Sunday morning, Aug. 14th, at the German Lutheran church, Louisville. The bride is a native of Louisville. Her father is a nice gentleman and is engaged in the Louisville cotton mill.
We have hair of our own—coffee from Ceylon—coffee from Mexico, tea from China, fruit from France, sugar from Louisiana, cinnamon from Java, nutmeg from West India, and fresh vegetables from Jamaica and fresh vegetables from all around this city every day.—Sulzer's.

New-in-progress sale at Sulzer's.
D. R. Murray Jr. visited in Lewisport last week.
School books and school supplies at Babbage's.
Vest's grocery is complete. Prices at rock bottom.
A disease preventive—crude Carbolic acid—Sulzer's.
Crude Carbolic acid kills chicken mites—Sulzer's.
Mrs. Gus Brown is still sick, though improving slowly.
Jeans—three-fourths wool—20c a yard.—Kaye & Hobbs.
Mrs. A. Friel has been appointed postmistress at Union Star, near the city last Thursday.
Put your best foot forward, into one of Sulzer's eye fitting shoes.
Mrs. G. A. Younger is very sick at this writing, not expected to live.
Vest's Clearance Sale is going on, not only one day, but every day.
Born to the wife of George Wilson Aug. 15th, a nine-pound girl.
Sulzer's are selling Ladies Dangle Patent Tip Opens for fifty cents.
Miss Alta Cresson, of Union Star, is the guest of her niece, Miss Eunice Cresson. Crumps berries cocoanut—the best on the market—contains no fillers.—Sulzer's.
An extra session of customers is called to attend Sulzer's great sale of dress goods.
Genuine B. T. Grayley superior chisel—New stock—just received.—Sulzer's.
Miss Alice Hawkins, daughter of William Hawkins near this city, died Monday night.
We are always pleased to see you. Call in. We keep open day and night.—Kaye & Hobbs.
In the case for trade you can safely put your money on Sulzer's favorite tea and real coffee.
Mr. J. T. Skillman and Miss Allene Murray left for Owensboro Friday to attend the ball.
"I'm a little fly," said the insect to the sticky fly-paper in Sulzer's window, "and I'm stuck on you."
Mr. S. S. Watkins and children went to Owensboro last Thursday to see her father who is quite ill.
Miss Stella Weatherford, who has been visiting relatives at Jeffersonville, returned home last week.
Every extra cent worth to get at a bargain.
"We propose to fight it out on this line, if it takes all summer."—Kaye & Hobbs.
Ed Kissen went to Harbingsburg Monday to see Al Henning. He said that Al's communication was bearing as usual.
A communication from "Squire Foot" said us to too late for the bargain.
Full of Gross facts and will appear next week.
Geo. Prout, Miss Tisha Hall, John McGraw and Miss Anna Hays, of this city, attended church at Freedom last Sunday.
Old prices and broken lots often prove the very best kind of bargain. Sulzer's calls us to call your attention to this commercial fact.
Miss Nellie May Major, of Louisville, who has been the guest of Miss Bettie Bolmer for a couple of weeks, returned home last Friday.
Mrs. Phil Dittenbach and Mrs. Mary Farber, who had been visiting Mr. and Mrs. James Harris, near Balltown, returned home Sunday.
On account of the sickness of Rev. Morrison, Dr. J. B. Cottrell will occupy the pulpit—Methodist church next Sunday morning and night.
Jefferson Davis Brown, six months old, died of cholera infantum last Thursday the 10th. He was an infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Brown.
All persons knowing themselves indebted to C. J. Fella will please come forward and settle, as his business must be wound up at once. Aug. Brown, Adsigner.
Miss Eugene Elder, wife and sister, Miss Florence, of Lake Village, Ark., and Miss Ellen O'Bryan, of Meade county, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Carter, county.
Mr. J. E. Keith desires it said that he never made a deal with Republicans that he election as Magistrate. He is devoted for his own record and has voted for Gid Jolly who he wanted to.
Summer drinks—Pineapples, Orange, Pineapple, Claret—in pint bottles with addition of ice water they make a delicious, refreshing and invigorating drink during the warm weather—Try a bottle—Sulzer's.
Tos. Bohler's house was entered by a burglar last Thursday, while the family were absent and \$20 dollars in cash taken from the house. The whole house was ransacked but nothing but the money was missing.
Mr. Sylvester Monarch and Mr. Ed Oren, of Owensboro, were in the city last Thursday. Mr. Monarch was looking at brick, contemplating a purchase for his handsome residence which is under construction.
Owing to the funeral of Mr. J. C. Nolt the name of the Nolt Cyclones has been changed to the Sulzer Cyclones. The Cyclones will play a match game on Saturday afternoon with the Harbingsburg club. The club is in good trim and will make it interesting for the visitors.
Mike Fries, a young man 22 years of age, of Victoria, was arrested last Monday by a United States Deputy Marshal. His offense was using the U. S. mails for unlawful purposes. He was taken to the warehouse and held until he had his appearance at the next term of the U. S. Circuit Court.
Ed Kissen has heard of one Democratic applicant for a post office whom he thought he might be successful in electing Eugene MacCallister, of Leopold, Ind. Mr. MacCallister was formerly agent for the Cincinnati Cigar Company in this section, and is a fine business man, besides being a clever Congressman. He is now an applicant for the Collector's place in the Evansville district.

FIRE! FIRE!!

DERBY, IND., IS SWIFTED FROM THE FACE OF THE EARTH.

Twenty Houses, With Their Contents, Go Up In Flames

And People Are Rendered Homeless and Penniless.

FIRE IN THE COUNTRY.

The most destructive fire ever occurred in this section of country visited Derby, Indiana, last Tuesday evening. Twenty houses in all were destroyed by the dread monster and many families were rendered homeless. Every business house in the town was destroyed, together with almost their entire stock. Derby is situated in a rugged spot on the Ohio river, about twenty miles east of this city. It is a small place of probably three or four hundred inhabitants, but has always been known as a splendid business point.
The fire is known to be of incendiary origin. On Monday the west of Harbison Mitchell's residence was set on fire, but fortunately the fire was discovered and extinguished. Fragments of kindling and shingles, which indicated that someone had set it on fire. The next day at nearly the same time, three o'clock, p. m., fire broke out in H. C. Hargis' stable. Every citizen in town was aroused and water could not be procured in time to stop the conflagration. The houses were handled close together and the flames rapidly leaped from one to the next. The fire was not stopped until the entire business portion of the little town was completely destroyed. Every business house was consumed and the next day you could not buy a rock of clothing, a chicken, a pig, or a bushel of corn, for the day before thousands of dollars' worth of goods were for sale. The fire spread so rapidly and was so hot that scarcely a thing was saved. Goods and furniture that was carried out took fire and burned in the streets.
The losses and insurance are about as follows: H. C. Hargis, stable, store, residence and one horse, \$10,000; insurance, \$4,300; Lige Carr, saloon, \$1,000, no insurance; Emmett Richardson, business house and residence, \$1,500, insurance \$500; James L. Hargis, blacksmith shop, \$400, no insurance; Sam Hargis, barn, \$300, no insurance; Wm. Dodd, residence, \$800, no insurance; W. H. Mitchell, barn, \$300, no insurance; John Cunningham, Township Trustee, residence, office and school supplies, \$700, no insurance; Albert Hargis, livery stable, \$500, no insurance; Chas. Hargis, saloon and residence, \$3,000, insurance, \$1,200; J. W. Davis, hotel, \$2,000, insurance, \$600; Morgan Bros., two business houses and residence, \$16,000, insurance, \$6,100; J. M. Morgan, dwelling occupied by Mr. Cunningham, \$800, no insurance; Cunningham's loan on furniture, \$400; S. A. Mitchell, business house and residence and outbuildings, \$6,000, insurance \$1,200; Joe Yates, residence and outbuildings, \$2,500, insurance, \$800; J. H. Morgan, residence, \$550, insurance, \$100; Mrs. Anderson, Alvin Biddle and Will McCoy lost nearly all their household goods.
During the fire people became panic-stricken. Women and children were screaming and crying, and men seemed dread their heads. A team ran off and destroyed a wagon while the fire was in progress; and one man drove into town with a load of staves, unheeded his oxen from the wagon and drove them to the river. The wagon and staves took fire and were consumed in the street. The fire was so hot that wooden culverts across the streets were burned out of the earth. Hogs were consumed in pens and chickens in yards perished by the dozens. Where one stood the picturesque little village remains now nothing but blackened and blackened, post-hole shade trees.
The postoffice is opened up in the M. E. Church, and the people who were rendered homeless are dependent upon the charity of neighbors for shelter.
Twenty houses in all were destroyed, and about twelve remain.
Innocent Sipes was arrested last Saturday, accused of having set fire to the town. He was seen leaving the premises just before the fire was discovered in Hargis' barn, and the testimony in his examining trial, which was held Saturday, was to the effect that he had frequently threatened the town. He was held in default of a \$1,000 bond to appear at the next term of the Circuit Court, and was lodged in the Perry county jail at Canaan, the same day.
BARKER'S RESIDENCE BURNED.
The residence of Nat and Robert Barker, on Clover creek, was burned to the ground last Wednesday. The house and all the furniture was an entire loss. Their grainery also burned together with the wheat and corn stored in it. The fire originated from a defective fire.
A BARN BURNED.
A barn belonging to Noble Pato, at Balltown, was set on fire by an incendiary at midnight last Wednesday. The fire with his contents was a total loss. A large lot of corn, wheat and hay was destroyed. A mare and colt perished in the flames.
Will Test The Local Option Vote.
HARRISBURG, KY., Aug. 15.—Special.
—R. K. Mattingly, one of the saloon keepers here filed a petition in the Circuit Court today for a referendum on the local option. The vote will be taken on the 28th of this month and will test the validity of the Local Option Election held here on the first Monday in August.
A large number of friends and relatives from Louisville, Union Star, Meade county and this city attended the funeral.
Celt Show.
Mr. J. W. Wright, of Philippi, county Harbison, brought the law suit against Harbison, on the third Monday in September. A premium of \$8 will be given to the best utility calf.
LADIES.
Meeting a tonic, or children that want building.
BROWN'S TONIC BOTTLED.
It is prepared in salt, pure, healthy, and delicious. All doctors keep it.

WE ARE OUT FOR THE STUFF!

To use an every-day expression, but we don't go "gunning" for it. We don't chloroform you with "printers' ink"—we don't put you to sleep with "chin music." Our salesmen will treat you properly and respectfully. You buy our superior clothing with eyes open, and you always get what you buy. We give you extraordinary values for your money just now, and if you have not yet given us a trial now is your time.

Julius Winter & Co.,
"OLD RELIABLE" CLOTHIERS,
COR. THIRD AND MARKET STS., - - - LOUISVILLE, KY.

There will be the Grandest GALA DAY AND PICNIC!

Of the season at Long Lick Church.

Dinner will be furnished to feed the people, no matter how great the crowd. Refreshments of all kinds will be kept at the refreshment stands. Music furnished by a fine string band. There will be swings on the grounds. A fine truck will be given to the most popular young lady on the grounds. Also Doll racks and Target shooting.

C. F. BENNETT, W. K. MCLELLAN, Managers.

UNION STAR.

Mrs. Wm. Chaffin is visiting her parents near Concordia.
Miss Rita English, of Roberts Bottom, is the guest of Miss Mattie Milner.
Mr. Charlie Richardson went to Harbingsburg Monday to attend the Institute.
Mr. and Mrs. C. M. McClellan and family attended church at Harbison, Sunday.
Mrs. Julia McKnight, of Louisville, returned home last week after a visit to her mother.
Mrs. Doris Hendry returned to her home at Raymond, Sunday after a visit to her parents here.
Mr. and Mrs. Ed A. Hilly and daughter, of Louisville, were guests of Mrs. D. S. Richardson last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Percy M. Beard, Harbingsburg, returned Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Richardson.
Miss Mary De Richardson returned home Saturday accompanied by Miss Evelyn Beard who will spend sometime with her.
Mr. Wm. Milner, Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Looney Milner, Misses Ella Biddle and Mattie Milner and Messrs. Will English, H. C. Richardson, and Jas. Hill attended the funeral of Mr. Jas. G. Stephens, Jr., at Holt, Sunday.
We had a good rain Friday.
Mrs. L. Paulman is visiting in Cloverport.
Mrs. Chas. Watlington is ill at this writing.
Mrs. Eliza Faris and Miss Polly, of Rome, were in town Monday.
Misses Dixie E. Perigo and Violet R. Miller are visiting in Harbingsburg this week.
Mrs. Wm. Kelly and son, Willie, of Cincinnati, O., are guests of Mrs. Wm. Paulman.
Mrs. W. L. Lennon, of Harbingsburg, was a guest at the Smith Hotel last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Harry Major and son, of Louisville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Helm last week.
Misses Florence and Minnie Williams of Evansville, are guests of their sister, Mrs. Chas. Watlington.
Prof. Owen Cunningham and Miss Ada Hanks are attending the Institute at Harbingsburg this week.
The Hon. Lewis Davis, Min. Ruth Haynes and Master Eddie Lashen, of Cloverport, spent last Saturday in town.
Miss Emma English and niece, Fannie Lee Lacy, who have been visiting in Southern Kentucky have returned home. Several from here attended the funeral of Jas. G. Stephens, Jr., Sunday. We were sorry to hear of his death and deeply sympathetic with the parents and family.

STEPHENSPORT.

Most Furnish School Houses.
The new school law requires trustees to supply school houses with desks, maps, charts, globes, etc. I am representing Thomas Kane & Co., of Chicago, the largest and most reliable manufacturers of School Furniture, and desire to confer with trustees, visiting supplies.
T. B. WILLIAMS,
Louisville, Ky.
Pure Bred Fowls
\$3.50
Buys a trio of pure bred fowls.
April hatch, blue sides, "One cockerel and two pullets."
The Barred Plymouth Rocks, America's all purpose fowls, are still on top, and for a farmer's flock have no equal. The Blue Langhans for a town fowl and winter layers and beauty have none to equal. I have the best way to get a start of good fowls is to buy them by the lot or half dozen, as I have to let perches the past season. I guarantee any cock to be as good and as well marked as any in the country although set at high prices as some.
H. W. CARPENT,
CLOVERPORT, KY.
An Over Gay Young Man!
He was not arrested. He had not inhaled too freely. It was just the exuberant joy after making a purchase of one of our bottles of Concentrated Lemonades. The flavors are:
Raspberry, Pine Apple, Orange, Claret.
Just the Drink for these sizzling, shimmering, sultry summer evenings, or ticks for that matter.
It Tickles the Taste
With a Toothsome Thwag.
Sends a delicious chill through every nerve, and leaves you as cool as the proverbial cucumber.
Try a Bottle, Now, Don't Wait.
Bourne, Harper, Brooks & Co.,
Commission Salesmen of Live Stock
CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP,
CLOVERPORT, KY. BOURBON STOCK YARDS LOUISVILLE, KY.

We Want 1,000 Boys

Ages from 8 to 14 years, to come to our store immediately, and take pick and choice of any of our Cassimere, Cheviot and Fancy Worsted.

Boy's Two-Piece Suits

All of which were sold all season for \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$6.00 this week for \$4.50.
Also a Big Lot of Fine all Wool Boys 7 to 14 years of age 2-piece suits this week for \$3.50.

Hurry, Don't wait

Now is the time. NOW, NOW, NOW.
P. S.—Our "Slashing Price" Sale goes merrily on. Let us show YOU what we can do.



Getting Ready For Fall!

Thinking of doing so,
Goods will be sold to
suit the purchaser.
Seeing is convincing.

- COME -

B. F. Beard & Co.,

Where is Everybody Going?

What for?	For Groceries, Vegetables, Canned Goods, Melons, Fruits, Fresh Cakes and Bread.
WHY?	To Save Time. To Save Money. To Make Money.
To Get Good Goods.	To Get Pro's Service.
To Get Satisfaction.	
Where?	To W. R. PIERCE'S, Corner Grocery.

G. GETZENDANNER,
Tin and Iron Roofing
Gutters and Spouts made to order.
Write for Prices. Cloverport, Ky.

James M. Lewis,
Contractor & Builder,
CLOVERPORT, KY.
Estimates furnished on application.

Chambers & Brown,
Attorneys at Law.
G. D. CHAMBERS, AUG. BROWN,
Haverhill, Ky. Cloverport, Ky.

BRECKENRIDGE NEWS.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1893.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Real coffee at Sulzer's.
Penny tablets at Balhage's.
New line of tablets at Balhage's.
Ice cream constantly kept at the City Bakery.
Shells, pencils, erasers and crayons at Balhage's.
Mike Popham is quite sick with typhoid fever.
W. J. Wheatly, of Rock Lick, was in town Monday.
Wm. Emory and wife visited in Cannell last week.
Try a bottle of that polish for tan shoes at Sulzer's.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Amant went to Chicago last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Julius Nolte went to Cannell Sunday.
Invitation cards and envelopes to match at Balhage's.
Crude Carbolic acid removes the smell from pig pens—Sulzer's.
Quarterly meeting in progress at the Tabernacle M. E. church.
Mr. Abner Alkison, near Webster, is very low with typhoid fever.
Did you see those Black and Rustet flexible shoe laces at Sulzer's.
Jury O'Brien went to Cannell Sunday to witness the fall game.
Mr. Dr. C. C. Mosely, of Harlanburg, is the guest of the Misses Hall.
Mr. and Mrs. James County, of Skillman, were in the city Monday shopping.
The return of gold from Europe is as cheering as the offer of bargains by Sulzer's.
Miss Lila Wolsenberger is attending the Teachers Institute at Cannell this week.
The worth of your money is what you want, and that is what you get at Sulzer's.
Miss Anna Gardner, of Harlanburg, was in the city Monday, enroute to Madisonville.
Fine suits made to order. This is our specialty. Hundreds of samples.—Kaye & Hoben.
Geo. Getzendanner went to Stephensport Monday to do some tin work for L. R. Adkins.
For Sale.—Five or six boxes on cash or cash notes. Wan. R. Moorman, Planters Hall.
The best remedy for a sick head ache is to buy groceries of Sulzer's and avert dyspepsia.
Invisible lake crude Carbolic acid will knock out all kinds of disease germs—Try it—Sulzer's.
Mr. Miller and wife, of Haverhill, came up one day last week to have some dentistry work done.
Fifty thousand pounds of wool wanted in exchange for woolen goods, at the Owensboro Woolen Mills.
Ladies fine shoes, \$1.50—sold every where for \$2.50. An examination will convince you.—Kaye & Hoben.
The Breckensville News will be sent to any one three months for 25c. This will extend over the November election. Every necessity and novelty that the most exacting heart can desire may be found on our five cent counter.—Kaye & Hoben.
B. G. Cundiff, of this city, has brought suit in the Harlan county court for a divorce from his wife, R. N. Miller by his attorney.
The Haverhill colored ball club held the Cloverport colored club on the Cloverport grounds last Sunday evening by a score of 22 to 19.
Joe H. Pile's name appears in the list of successful candidates for the postal civil service, who were examined at Louisville recently.
We are in no doubt as to the convenience of the people, but instead we keep open day and night. Call at any time.—Kaye & Hoben.
Mr. and Mrs. Robert French and son Henry Elvin, of Roberts Bottom, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Cross on Saturday and Sunday.
J. H. Wills, returning from Spottsville last Sunday. He had spent there some time superintending the loading of gravel trains for Chas. Bohler.
The picnic at Lalletts Grove last Saturday was not up to the usual standard. With the exception of two "men" every thing went off nicely.
Willie Lewis, a nine-year old son of Robt. Lewis, got a shoe button fastened in his throat Monday night and the assistance of Dr. S. S. Watkins had to be called to remove it.
Cholera, Yellow fever and all other kinds of fevers can be prevented by keeping your premises disinfected with crude Carbolic acid. Recommended by all physicians.—Sulzer's.
Mrs. Mary Tinsley, of Cloverport, and her husband, Mr. John Tinsley, married Sunday morning, Aug. 9th, at the German Lutheran church, Louisville, Rev. A. C. Miller officiating. Mrs. Tinsley is a nice gentleman and is engaged to the Louisville cotton mill.
Have you been to the World's Fair? We have a fair of our own—coffee from Mexico, tea from India, sugar from China, saffron from France, pepper from Sumatra, cinnamon from Java, nutmeg from West India, and fresh fruit from all around this city every day.—Sulzer's.

New-in-progress sale at Sulzer's.
D. R. Murray Jr. visited in Lewisport last week.
School books and school supplies at Balhage's.
Veal's grocery is complete. Prices at rock bottom.
A disease preventive—crude Carbolic acid—Sulzer's.
Crude Carbolic acid kills chicken mites—Sulzer's.
Mrs. Gus Brown is still sick, though improving slowly.
Jeane—three fourths well—20c a yard.
—Kaye & Hoben.
Mrs. A. Friel has been appointed postmistress at Victoria.
D. M. Duncan has gone to Louisville to visit his brother.
Remember you will find the latest in tan shoes at Sulzer's.
Daniel Roberts, of Meade county, was in the city last Thursday.
Try your best foot forward, into one of Sulzer's easy fitting shoes.
Mr. Geo. Younger is very sick at this writing, not expected to live.
Vest's Cane Sales is going on, not only one day, but every day.
Born to the wife of George Wilson Aug. 15th, a nine-pound girl.
Sulzer's are selling Ladies Danglea Tied Tip Opera for fifty cents.
Miss Alta Crossen, of Union Star, the guest of her niece, Miss Eunice Crossen.
Crump's berries—concentrated—the best on the market—contains no fibers.—Sulzer's.
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Mr. J. E. Keith desired it said that he never made a trade with Republicans to secure his election as Magistrate. They voted for him of their own accord and he voted for John C. Jolly because he wanted to.
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Ed Kinnam has a federal office where he wishes to be successful, and that is Eugene Marcellus, of Leopold, Ind. Mr. Kinnam is a fine business man, and being a clever French gentleman, he is now an applicant for the Collectors place in the Evansville district.

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The postoffice is opened up in the M. E. Church, and the people who were rendered homeless are dependent upon the charity of neighbors for shelter.
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HARRISBURG, Ky., Aug. 15.—Special.—It is Mattingly, one of the saloon keepers here, filed a petition in the Circuit Court today asking for the county Judge and county Clerk from appearing upon the order books the certificates of the Local Option vote applied for a federal office where he wishes to be successful, and that is Eugene Marcellus, of Leopold, Ind. Mr. Mattingly is a fine business man, and being a clever French gentleman, he is now an applicant for the Collectors place in the Evansville district.

WE ARE OUT FOR THE STUFF!
To use an every-day expression, but we don't go "gunning" for it. We don't chloroform you with "printers' ink"—we don't put you to sleep with "chin music." Our salesmen will treat you properly and respectfully. You buy our superior clothing with eyes open, and you always get what you buy. We give you extraordinary values for your money just now, and if you have not yet given us a trial now is your time.

Julius Winter & Co.,
"OLD RELIABLE" CLOTHIERS,
COR. THIRD AND MARKET STS., - - - LOUISVILLE, KY.
There will be the Grandest
GALA DAY AND PICNIC!
Of the season at Long Lick Church.
Saturday, August 26th, 1893.
Dinner will be furnished to feed the people, no matter how great the crowd. Refreshments of all kinds will be kept at the refreshment stands. Music furnished by a fine string band. There will be swings on the grounds. A fine trunk will be given to the most popular young lady on the grounds. Also Doll racks and Target shooting.
C. F. BENNETT, W. K. MCLELLAN, Managers.

UNION STAR.
Mrs. Wm. Chaffin is visiting her parents near Concorville.
Miss Rita English, of Roberts Bottom, is the guest of Miss Mattie Milner.
Mr. Charlie Chaffin went to Harlanburg Monday to attend the Institute. Mr. and Mrs. C. M. McMillan and family attended church at Raymond, Sunday.
Mrs. Julia McKnight, of Louisville, returned home last week after a visit to her mother.
Mrs. Don Hendry returned to her home at Raymond, Sunday after a visit to her parents here.
Mr. and Mrs. Sol A. Hipp and daughter, of Louisville, were guests of Mrs. D. S. Richardson last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Percy M. Beard, Harlanburg, spent Sunday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Richardson.
Miss Mary De Richardson returned home Saturday accompanied by Miss Beattie Beard who will spend some time with her.
Mr. Wm. Milner, Dr. and Mrs. Wm. Henry Milner, Miss Ella English, Mattie Milner and Misses Will English, C. Richardson, and Jas. J. Miller attended church at Harlanburg, Sunday.
STEPHENSPORT.
We had a good rain Friday.
Mrs. L. Paulson is visiting in Cloverport.
Mrs. Chas. Watlington is ill at this writing.
Mrs. Elias Kiser and Miss Pule, of Rome, were in town Monday.
Misses Dixie E. Perrigo and Violet R. Miller are visiting in Harlanburg this week.
Mrs. Wm. Kelly and son, Willie, of Cincinnati, O., are guests of Mrs. Wm. Pettit.
Mrs. W. R. Lennon, of Harlanburg, was a guest at the Smith Hotel last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Harry Major and son, of Louisville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Helm last week.
Misses Florence and Minnie Williams of Knoxville, are guests of their sister, Mrs. Chas. Watlington.
Prof. Owen Cunningham and Miss Chas. Banks are attending the Institute at Harlanburg this week.
Mrs. Henry Davis, Miss Ruth Haynes and Master Eddie Lishon, of Cloverport, spent last Saturday in town.
Miss Emma English and niece, Fannie Lee Lacy, who have been visiting in Southern Kentucky have returned home. Several from here attended the funeral of Jas. G. Stephens, Jr., Sunday. We were sorry to hear of his death and deeply sympathize with the parents and family.

Death of James G. Stephens, Jr.
Jas. G. Stephens, Jr., died of typhoid fever at Franklin, Tenn., last Friday evening, August 11th. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. James G. Stephens, of Holt and was buried in the Burks' cemetery last Sunday evening. Rev. Dr. Bugas, of Louisville, preached the funeral at Stephens' residence and the funeral ceremonies at the grave were conducted by the Knights of Pythias.
Young Mr. Stephens was a model young man and was in his twenty-eight year. He had been in Tampa Florida for about three years engaged in the manufacture of cigars. He had started home to pay his parents a visit and was taken sick on the road.
A large number of friends and relatives from Louisville, Union Star, Stephensport and this city attended the funeral.
Colt Show.
Mr. J. W. Wright, of McNichols, will give his Shaw's Flat, Pitts, colt show in Harlanburg on the third Monday in September. A premium of \$8 will be given to the best utility colt.
LAUREL.
Meeting a tent, or children that want building
BROWN'S EAGLE HOPPER.
It is pleasant to see one, but it is better to see one in the hands of a man who knows how to use it.
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We Want 1,000 Boys
Ages from 8 to 14 years, to come to our store immediately, and take pick and choice of any of our Cassimeres, Cheviot and Fancy Worsted.
Boy's Two-Piece Suits
All of which were sold all season for \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$6.00 this week for \$4.50.
Also a Big Lot of Fine all Wool Boys 7 to 14 years of age 2-piece suits this week for \$3.50.
Hurry, Don't wait
Now is the time. NOW, NOW, NOW.
P. S.—Our "Blashing Price" Sale goes merrily on. Let us show YOU what we can do.

Getting Ready For Fall!
And in doing so, Goods will be sold to suit the purchaser. Seeing is convincing. - COME -
B. F. Beard & Co.,
Where is Everybody Going?

What for?
For Groceries, Vegetables, Canned Goods, Melons, Fruits, Fresh Cakes and Bread.
Why?
To Save Time. To Get Good Goods. To Save Money. To Get Profit Service. To Get Satisfaction.
Where?
To W. R. PIERCE'S,
Corner Grocery.
BOURNE, HARPER, BROOKS & CO.,
Commission Salesmen of Live Stock
CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP.
BOURBON STOCK YARDS LOUISVILLE, KY.

